

Hormone Therapy for Gender Affirmation

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Estrogen and anti-androgen preparations for use in male-to-female gender affirmation

| | | HIV drugs with no predicted effect or | HIV drugs predicted to | HIV drugs predicted to | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| | | which can be used with standard doses | inhibit metabolism | induce metabolism | |
| Estrogens | | DOR, RPV, BIC, CAB, DTG, RAL, LEN, MVC, ABC, FTC, 3TC, TAF, TDF, ZDV | ATV alone, ATV/cobi, DRV/cobi, EVG/cobi, FTR | ATV/r, DRV/r, LPV/r, EFV, ETV, NVP | |
| 6 | Starting dose | 1.25-2.5 mg/day | 0.625-1.25 mg/day | Increase estradiol dosage as needed | |
| Conjugated | Average dose | 5 mg/day | 2.5 mg/day | based on clinical effects and | |
| estrogens† | Maximum dose | 10 mg/day | 5 mg/day | monitored hormone levels. | |
| | Starting dose | 2 mg/day | 1 mg/day | Increase estradiol dosage as needed based on clinical effects and | |
| Estradiol oral | Average dose | 4 mg/day | 2 mg/day | | |
| | Maximum dose | 8 mg/day | 4 mg/day | monitored hormone levels. | |
| Estradiol gel | Starting dose | 0.75 mg twice daily | 0.5 mg twice daily | Increase estradiol dosage as needed | |
| (preferred for >40 | Average dose | 0.75 mg three times daily | 0.5 mg three times daily | based on clinical effects and | |
| y and/or smokers) | Maximum dose | 1.5 mg three times daily | 1 mg three times daily | monitored hormone levels. | |
| Estradiol patch | Starting dose | 25 μg/day | 25 μg/day* | Increase estradiol dosage as needed | |
| (preferred for >40 | Average dose | 50-100 μg/day | 37.5-75 μg/day | based on clinical effects and | |
| y and/or smokers) | Maximum dose | 150 μg/day | 100 μg/day | monitored hormone levels. | |
| | Starting dose | | , G., , | | |
| Ethinylestradiol | Average dose | No interaction expected, but not | Not recommended | Not recommended | |
| , | Maximum dose | recommended due to thrombotic risks | | | |
| Androgen | | DOR, RPV, BIC, CAB, DTG, RAL, | ATV alone, ATV/cobi, ATV/r, | EFV, ETV, NVP | |
| Blockers | | FTR, MVC, ABC, FTC, 3TC, TAF, TDF, ZDV | DRV/cobi, DRV/r, EVG/cobi, LPV/r, LEN | | |
| Cyproterone | Starting dose | 50 mg/day | 25 mg/day | Increase cyproterone dosage as | |
| acetate | Average dose | 150 mg/day | 75 mg/day | needed based on clinical effects and | |
| dectate | Maximum dose | 150 mg/day | 75 mg/day | monitored hormone levels. | |
| | Starting dose | 2.5 mg/day | Finasteride has a large safety margin. | Increase finasteride dosage as | |
| Finasteride | Average dose | 2.5 mg/day | No dose adjustment required. | needed based on clinical effects and | |
| | Maximum dose | 5 mg day | No dose adjustificht required. | monitored hormone levels. | |
| Goserelin | Starting dose | 3.6 mg/month | No interaction expected. | No interaction expected. No dose adjustment required. | |
| | Average dose | 3.6 mg/month | No dose adjustment required. | | |
| | Maximum dose | 3.6 mg/month | No dose adjustillent required. | No dose adjustment required. | |
| Leuprorelin acetate | Starting dose | 3.75 mg/month | No interesting conservation | No interaction expected. No dose adjustment required. | |
| | Average dose | 3.75 mg/month | No interaction expected. No dose adjustment required. | | |
| | Maximum dose | 3.75 mg/month | No dose adjustilient required. | No dose adjustifient required. | |
| Spironolactone | Starting dose | 50 mg/day | No interaction expected. No dose adjustment required. | No interaction expected. | |
| | Average dose | 150 mg/day | | | |
| Spironolactone | | | No dose adjustment required. | No dose adjustment required. | |
| Spironolactone | Maximum dose | 400 mg/day | | | |
| Spironolactone | Maximum dose Starting dose | 400 mg/day 3.75 mg/month | N | N | |
| Spironolactone Triptorelin | | Ç. , | No interaction expected. No dose adjustment required. | No interaction expected. No dose adjustment required. | |

[†] Conjugated estrogen is associated with high thromboembolic risk and therefore should be avoided.

Colour Legend

No clinically significant interaction expected.

Potential interaction which may require dosage adjustment and/or close monitoring.

Coadministration not recommended.

EFV efavirenz

/cobi cobicistat

Recommendations for dose changes:

ETV etravirine RAL raltegravir

- All recommendations for dose changes are empirical and based on doses/formulations available in the UK (additional doses/formulations may be available in other countries).
- Recommendations for dose changes in presence of inhibitors of estrogen metabolism are based on the assumption that the magnitude of the
 drug-drug interaction is expected to be less pronounced for transdermal or topical applications than for oral drug administration as the first-pass
 metabolism is avoided.
- Recommendations for dose changes in presence of inhibitors of testosterone metabolism are based on the assumption that the magnitude of the
 drug-drug interaction is expected to be less pronounced for topical and intramuscular applications than for oral drug administration as the first-pass
 metabolism is avoided.
- Note: androgen deprivation treatment may prolong the QT interval. Caution should be taken when using with antiretroviral drugs that can
 potentially prolong the QT interval (i.e., ATV alone, ATV/r, ATV/cobi, LPV/r, EFV, RPV, FTR).

References for hormone therapy dosage recommendations in absence of antiretroviral drugs:

- 1. Good practice guidelines for the assessment and treatment of adults with gender dysphoria. Royal College of Psychiatrists, London, 2013, Document CR181.
- 2. Endocrine treatment of transsexual persons: an Endocrine Society clinical practice guideline. Hembree WC et al. J Clin Endocrinol Metab, 2009, 94(9):3132-54.
- 3. Guidelines for the primary and gender-affirming care of transgender and gender nonbinary people. Department of Family & Community Medicine, University of California, 2016.
- 4. Endocrine care of transpeople part I. A review of cross-sex hormonal treatments, outcomes and adverse effects in transmen.

 Meriggipla MC. Gava G. Clin Endocrinol (Oxf), 2015, 83(5):597-606.

FTC emtricitabine TAF tenofovir alafenamide

Meriggiola MC, Gava G. Clin Endocrinol (Oxf). 2015, 83(5):597-606.

Abbreviations: ABC abacavir ATV atazanavir BIC bictegravir CAB cabotegravir DOR doravirine DRV darunavir DTG dolutegravir

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FTR fostemsavir TDF tenofovir-DF

ZDV zidovudine

Matrix type transdermal patch can be cut in order to reduce the amount of hormone delivered per day.



Hormone Therapy for Gender Affirmation

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Androgen preparations for use in female-to-male gender affirmation

| | | HIV drugs with no predicted effect or which can be used with standard doses | HIV drugs predicted to inhibit metabolism | HIV drugs predicted to induce metabolism | |
|---|-------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Androgens | | DOR, RPV, BIC, CAB, DTG, RAL, FTR, LEN, MVC ABC, FTC, 3TC, TAF, TDF, ZDV | ATV alone, ATV/cobi, ATV/r, DRV/cobi, DRV/r, EVG/cobi, LPV/r | EFV, ETV, NVP | |
| | Initial low dose | 12.5-25 mg in the morning | 12.5-25 mg in the morning | Increase testosterone dosage as needed based on clinical effects and monitored hormone levels. | |
| Testosterone topical gel 1% | Initial average dose | 50 mg in the morning | 25-50 mg in the morning | | |
| | Maximum dose | 100 mg in the morning | 50-100 mg in the morning | monitored normone levels. | |
| - | Initial low dose | Not applicable | Not applicable | | |
| Testosterone enanthate or cypionate Testosterone undecanoate | Initial average dose | 50-100 mg/week | 25-50 mg/week | Increase testosterone dosage as needed based on clinical effects and monitored hormone levels. | |
| | Maximum dose | Not applicable | Not applicable | monitored normone levels. | |
| | Initial low dose | Not applicable | Not applicable | Increase testosterone dosage as needed based on clinical effects and monitored hormone levels. | |
| | Initial average dose | 750 mg IM, repeat after 4 weeks and then every 10 weeks | 375-500 mg IM, repeat after 4 weeks and then every 10 weeks | | |
| | Maximum dose | Not applicable | Not applicable | monitored normanic levels. | |
| | Initial low dose | Not applicable | Not applicable | Increase testosterone dosage as needed based on clinical effects and monitored hormone levels. | |
| Mixed testosterone esters | Initial average dose | 250 mg/2-3 weeks | 125 mg/2-3 weeks | | |
| | Maximum dose | Not applicable | Not applicable | | |

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|--------------|-------|---------|
| \mathbf{I} | IOIIR | I AGANA |
| \sim | IUUI | Legend |

| No clinically significant interaction expected. | Potential interaction which may require dosage adjustment and/or close monitoring |
|---|--|
| 1 No chilically significant interaction expected. | Totalital interaction which may require dosage adjustinent and/or close monitoring |

Recommendations for dose changes:

- All recommendations for dose changes are empirical and based on doses/formulations available in the UK (additional doses/formulations may be available in other countries).
- Recommendations for dose changes in presence of **inhibitors of estrogen metabolism** are based on the assumption that the magnitude of the drug-drug interaction is expected to be less pronounced for transdermal or topical applications than for oral drug administration as the first-pass metabolism is avoided.
- Recommendations for dose changes in presence of **inhibitors of testosterone metabolism** are based on the assumption that the magnitude of the drug-drug interaction is expected to be less pronounced for topical and intramuscular applications than for oral drug administration as the first-pass metabolism is avoided.
- Note: androgen deprivation treatment may prolong the QT interval. Caution should be taken when using with antiretroviral drugs that can
 potentially prolong the QT interval (i.e., ATV alone, ATV/r, ATV/cobi, LPV/r, EFV, RPV, FTR).

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- 1. Good practice guidelines for the assessment and treatment of adults with gender dysphoria. Royal College of Psychiatrists, London, 2013, Document CR181.
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Abbreviations:

ABC abacavir ETV etravirine RAL raltegravir

ATV atazanavir EVG elvitegravi RPV rilpivirine BIC bictegravir FTC emtricitabine TAF tenofovir alafenamide CAB cabotegravir FTR fostemsavir TDF tenofovir-DF DOR doravirine LEN lenacapavi ZDV zidovudine DRV darunavir LPV lopinavir DTG dolutegrav MVC maraviroo /cobi cobicistat EFV efavirenz NVP nevirapine